§ 292.602 Exemption to qualifying facilities from the Public Utility Holding Company Act and certain State law and regulation.

- (a) Applicability. This section applies to any qualifying facility described in §292.601(a), and to any qualifying small power production facility with a power production capacity over 30 megawatts if such facility produces electric energy solely by the use of biomass as a primary energy source.
- (b) Exemption from the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005. A qualifying facility described in paragraph (a) of this section or a utility geothermal small power production facility shall be exempt from the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005, 42 U.S.C. 16,451-63.
- (c) Exemption from certain State laws and regulations. (1) Any qualifying facility shall be exempted (except as provided in paragraph (b)(2)) of this section from State laws or regulations respecting:
- (i) The rates of electric utilities; and (ii) The financial and organizational
- (2) A qualifying facility may not be exempted from State laws and regulations implementing subpart C.

regulation of electric utilities.

- (3) Upon request of a state regulatory authority or nonregulated electric utility, the Commission may consider a limitation on the exemptions specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this section.
- (4) Upon request of any person, the Commission may determine whether a qualifying facility is exempt from a particular State law or regulation.

(Energy Security Act, Pub. L. 96–294, 94 Stat. 611 (1980) Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978, 16 U.S.C. 2601, et seq., Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act, 15 U.S.C. 791, et seq., Federal Power Act, as amended, 16 U.S.C. 792 et seq., Department of Energy Organization Act, 42 U.S.C. 7101, et seq.; E.O. 12009, 42 FR 46267)

[45 FR 12237, Feb. 25, 1980, as amended by Order 135, 46 FR 19232, Mar. 30, 1981; Order 671, 71 FR 7869, Feb. 15, 2006; Order 671–A, 71 FR 30589, May 30, 2006]

PART 294—PROCEDURES FOR SHORTAGES OF ELECTRIC ENERGY AND CAPACITY UNDER SECTION 206 OF THE PUBLIC UTILITY REGULATORY POLICIES ACT OF 1978

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 553; 16 U.S.C. 791a–825r; 42 U.S.C. 7107–7352.

§ 294.101 Shortages of electric energy and capacity.

- (a) Definition of shortages of electric energy and capacity. For purposes of this section, the term anticipated shortages of electric or energy means:
- (1) Any situation anticipated to occur in which the generating and bulk purchased power capability of a public utility will not be sufficient to meet its anticipated demand plus appropriate reserve margins and this shortage would affect the utility's capability adequately to supply electric services to its firm power wholesale customers; or
- (2) Any situation anticipated to occur in which the energy supply capability of a public utility is not sufficient to meet its customers' energy requirements and this shortage would affect the utility's capability adequately to supply electric services to its firm power wholesale customers.
- (b) Accommodation of shortages. (1) Each public utility now serving firm power wholesale customers, shall submit a brief statement indicating how it would accommodate any shortages of electric energy or capacity affecting its firm power wholesale customers.
 - (2) This statement shall:
- (i) Describe how the utility would assure that direct and indirect customers are treated without undue prejudice or disadvantage; and
- (ii) It shall also identify any agreement, law, or regulation which might impair the utility's ability to accommodate such a shortage.
- (3) Each utility shall file a copy of its statement with any appropriate State regulatory agency and all firm power wholesale customers.
- (4) If a plan for accommodating any shortages of electric energy or capacity